

Digital Transformation for Inclusive Business Development Project:

Impact Evaluation and Knowledge Sharing Report

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Digital Transformation for Inclusive Business Development is a project supported by JPMorgan Chase Foundation. It aims to design, develop and test a methodology that promotes technology adoption among small business owners. The project combines fieldwork (pilot project) and academic research. Beneficiaries in this project are a clear example of the current situation of small business owners in developed countries, which demonstrate a persistent gap in the use of digital technologies and in digital skills.

PHASES OF THE PROJECT

- 1. Identification of small business owners that meet requirements:
 - Main requirements: Low/Middle Income, products suitable for selling online, strong interest in using online tools to advance their businesses.
 - Ten small business owners assigned as "beneficiaries" and seven small business owners assigned to the control group.
- 2. Creation of online shops and online marketing strategies for beneficiaries
- 3. Training and mentoring of beneficiaries
- 4. Knowledge dissemination among other small business owners (74 small business owners in 3 workshops)



The project combines the efforts of several partners who contribute with critical expertise during the different phases of the project:

- 1. Project management and research: IE Foundation
- 2. Initial pro bono consulting for beneficiaries: IE's Master in Visual and Digital Media
- **3.** Online shops development, training and mentoring on the use of specific tools: Te Veo Online
- **4.** Identification of beneficiaries and support to control group: Puentes Global Foundation









LESSONS LEARNED

1. Identification and Selection of Beneficiaries (and Control Group)

- Our construction of a self-selection process was critical to the project's success. As a result, small business owners who were willing and capable of implementing the necessary changes got to take full advantage of the opportunity.
- Lack of a common vocabulary generates communication barriers in conveying the content and value of the project.
- Outstanding participation of women in the project (80%): Due to
 a combination of focus on retail and a "friendly" identification process.

2. Online Shop and Online Marketing Strategy Creation

- Intensive personalized support is critical to help them overcome fears and attitudes.
- Setting clear expectations of time commitments for beneficiaries helps them focus on the project in the midst of their daily work.
- Creating intermediate milestones and quick wins were of great importance in terms of showing the impact of their efforts.
- Understanding the real needs and capabilities of each beneficiary to create the appropriate online shop/marketing strategy is more important than creating an over complicated/expensive strategy.

3. Training and Mentoring of Beneficiaries

- Training became very relevant once the online shops were launched and online strategies were implemented.
- It was critical to organize them around their opening hours and make. them practical, including exercises and examples of their own shops.

4. Knowledge Dissemination Among Small Business Owners

- Appropriate channels to reach participants include merchants associations, city councils and grassroots organizations.
- It is very important to know their opening hours and work schedules to make it easy for them to attend.

5. Project Evaluation

- Qualitative assessment enabled us to identify unexpected effects.
- It was fundamental to keep a close relationship with the control group.
- Questionnaires need to be phrased as clearly as possible.
- Face-to-face administration was more effective than telephone calls when it came to completing questionnaires.



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